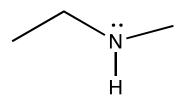
Amines: Rxn Practice and Physical Properties

Okay, gang: This worksheet is all about amines. We'll tackle questions regarding some physical properties, acid-base chemistry, and of course, lots and lots of reaction practice. Get your nitrogens ready.

1.) The amine pictured below appears to be a chiral structure. However, the structure below when tested, does not bend the plane of polarized light. Using structure(s) and a brief explanation, account for this lack of chirality in the amine



- **2.)** Let's look at 2 physical properties of amines, and then we'll get into some of the reactions we can use to make amines and reactions we can do with amines.
- a.) Given the four molecules below, rank them from 1-4 in regards to strength of intermolecular forces, 4 being the molecule with the strongest intermolecular forces. (Hint: remember what we talked about regarding Hydrogen Bonds)

$$NH_2$$
 NH_2 NH_2 NH_2

b.) Of the above molecules, one **cannot** donate a Hydrogen Bond at all: Identify which molecule it is as well as explain why this is the case.

c.) Given the 4 molecules below, rank them from 1-4, 1 being the **weakest** base and 4 being the **strongest** base. After ranking, justify your choice for 1, the weakest base (with a short explanation or structures).

3.) Alright gang, let's head into some complete the reaction/provide the reagent/provide the reactant problems. We're going to tackle everything from creating amines via $S_N 2$ to the Mannich reaction—you got this.

$$NH_3$$
 \longrightarrow $N \oplus Br^{\odot}$

$$\begin{array}{c}
1.) \text{ HBr, ROOR} \\
\hline
2.) & \bigcirc \\
&$$

$$\searrow$$
 Br \longrightarrow NH₂

4.) And to finish this worksheet out, we have a complete the reaction + mechanism problem. Predict the product for the reductive amination reaction, and draw the arrow pushing mechanism.

